## "I paid twelve cents for the eggs I bought from the grocer," explained the cook, "but I made him throw in two extra eggs because they were so little. That made the lot cost one cent per dozen less than the original asking price for a dozen eggs." How many eggs did the cook buy?

Let x denote the number of eggs the cook bought. Since x eggs cost 12 cents, we see that a single egg costs  $\frac{12}{x}$  cents, while a dozen eggs cost  $\frac{144}{x}$  cents. Likewise, 12 cents for x + 2 eggs comes to  $\frac{144}{x+2}$  cents for a dozen eggs. The given information now translates into the equation:

$$\frac{144}{x} - \frac{144}{x+2} = 1.$$

We can solve this equation to get:

$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{144}$$
$$\frac{x+2}{x(x+2)} - \frac{x}{x(x+2)} = \frac{1}{144}$$
$$\frac{2}{x(x+2)} = \frac{1}{144}$$
$$x^2 + 2x - 288 = 0$$
$$(x - 16)(x + 18) = 0,$$

which implies that x = 16.

This works! Twelve cents for sixteen eggs comes to nine cents for a dozen. Twelve cents for eighteen eggs works out to eight cents for a dozen.