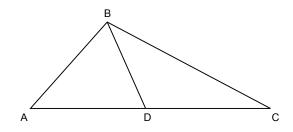
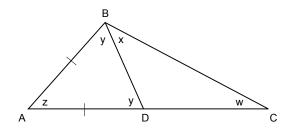
Problem of the Week Solution Six

In the diagram below, we are given that $\overline{AB} = \overline{AD}$. We are also given that $\angle ABC - \angle ACB = 30$. Find $\angle CBD$.



SOLUTION: We find that $\angle CBD = 15$.

Let us label the angles in the diagram as follows:



Note that the given information implies that triangle ABD is isosceles, and that is why we assigned the same letter to its base angles. Our goal is to find x.

We can now start writing down equations involving the angles. We are given that

$$w = (x + y) + 30.$$

Since the sum of the angles of a triangle add up to 180, we can use the angles of triangle ABC to write:

$$z = 180 - (x + y) - w.$$

Substituting the first equation into the second leads to

z = 180 - (x + y) - (x + y + 30) = 210 - 2x - 2y.

Now we can use the angles of triangle ABD to write

$$z = 180 - 2y.$$

These two equations imply that

$$z = 180 - 2y = 210 - 2x - 2y.$$

The terms involving y now cancel, leaving us with a simple equation in x alone:

180 = 210 - 2x.

This equation is easily solved to show that x = 15.