

**DIRECTIONS:**

- Use a pencil (NOT a pen) only.
- Use complete mathematical sentences and when appropriate, circle your answers.
- Print this quiz out as single sided and staple the pages together in the upper left-hand corner.
- Show all work, clearly and in order. **You will lose points if any of these instructions are not followed.**

Questions	Points	Score
1	0.5	
2	2	
3	0.25	
4	0.25	
5	1.5	
Extra Credit	0.25	
Total	5	

**Problem 1:** (0.5 points) If  $\int_3^6 g(x)dx = 3$ ,  $\int_{-2}^3 g(x)dx = 2$ ,  $\int_{-2}^3 f(x)dx = 4$ , and  $\int_{-2}^6 f(x)dx = 9$ , determine the values of the following definite integrals.

(a) (0.25 points)  $\int_{-2}^6 3(2g(x) - x^2) dx$

(b) (0.25 points)  $\int_3^6 (\pi f(x) - \cos(2.71)g(x)) dx$

**Problem 2:** (2 points) Integrate the following indefinite integrals

(a) (0.25 points)  $\int \frac{z^{2/3}+1}{z^2} dz$

(b) (0.25 points)  $\int 4e^{-2s+3} ds$

(c) (0.25 points)  $\int \tan x dx$

(d) (0.25 points)  $\int 3\pi \tan^2 w dw$

(e) (0.25 points)  $\int \frac{3^{2x}-4(3^x)}{27^x} dx$

(f) (0.25 points)  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} 2^{\sqrt{n}} dn$

(g) (0.25 points)  $\int \frac{4}{|u|\sqrt{36u^2-1}} du$

(h) (0.25 points)  $\int \sec^2(\sec x) \sec x \tan x dx$

**Problem 3:** (0.25 points) State the Mean Value Theorem.

**Problem 4:** (0.5 points) Prove the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

**Problem 4:** (0.25 points) Solve the integral  $\int \frac{a}{|x|\sqrt{b^2x^2-1}} dx$  where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ .

**Problem 5:** (1.5 points) Integrate the following definite integrals.

(a) (0.25 points)  $\int_0^3 (r^2 - 4)^2 dr$

(b) (0.25 points)  $\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{1+4u^2} du$

(c) (0.25 points)  $\int_1^e 2(\ln p) \left(\frac{1}{p}\right) dp$

(d) (0.25 points)  $\int_0^\pi (\sin^2 z + \cos^2 z) dz$

(e) (0.25 points)  $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} y^2 \sec^2(y^3) dy$

(f) (0.25 points)  $\int_{-1}^3 |4 - x^2| dx$

**Extra Credit** (0.25 points) Find the derivative of  $h(x) = \sec^{-1} [\ln(\sec x \tan x)]$ .