

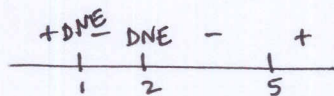
2. Calculate! Show your work clearly and put boxes around final answers.

a) Solve the inequality $\frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{x^2 - 3x + 2} \leq 0$ by using a labeled number line.

10 pts

#38, 0.3

$$\frac{\cancel{(x-2)}(x-5)}{\cancel{(x-2)}(x-1)} \leq 0$$



$[1, 2) \cup (2, 5]$

like $f(-10) = \frac{-}{-} = +$
 $f(1.5) = \frac{-}{+} = -$
 $f(3) = \frac{-}{+} = -$
 $f(10) = \frac{+}{+} = +$

don't forget to put +/- here by plugging in values

b) Solve the equation $\frac{x+2}{x} - \frac{2}{x-1} = 0$. Be careful to omit any extraneous solutions.

10 pts

#34, 0.2

$$(x \neq -1) \quad \frac{x+2}{x} - \frac{2}{x-1} = 0$$

$$(x+2)(x-1) - 2x = 0$$

$$x^2 + x - 2 - 2x = 0$$

$$x^2 - x - 2 = 0$$

$$(x+1)(x-2) = 0$$

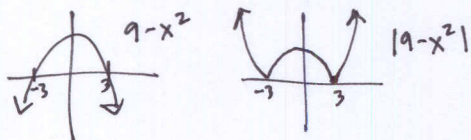
So $x = -1$ is extraneous, $x = 2$ is the only sol'n.

Note you can check by plugging in

c) Write the function $f(x) = |9 - x^2|$ as a piecewise function that does not involve absolute values, where each piece is defined on an interval of x -values.

10 pts

#37, 0.6



$9-x^2$ is pos on $(-3, 3)$

and neg on $(-\infty, -3) \cup (3, \infty)$

$$\text{so } |9-x^2| = \begin{cases} -(9-x^2), & \text{if } x < -3 \\ 9-x^2, & \text{if } -3 \leq x \leq 3 \\ -(9-x^2), & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

d) Use the values given in the table to fill in the missing values. There is only one way to correctly fill in the table. (You do not need to show work for this problem.)

#1920, 0.7

10 pts

(-2 each wrong until points run out)

x	0	1	2
$f(x)$	3	4	1
$g(x)$	2	1	0
$(f \cdot g)(x)$	6	4	0
$(f \circ g)(x)$	1	4	3

3. Give precise definitions, with mathematical notation, for each of the following. Be careful that you do not just list an associated property or give a rough description; actual definitions are called for here.

8 x 3 pts

a) What is the definition of a *rational number*?

a number that can be written in the form $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are integers

b) What is the definition of a *function*?

$f: A \rightarrow B$ is a function if each element x of A is assigned to exactly one element of B .

← a key part

c) What is the definition of a *one-to-one function*?

$a \neq b \Rightarrow f(a) \neq f(b)$) for all a, b in $\text{dom}(f)$
 -or-
 $f(a) = f(b) \Rightarrow a = b$

← a key part

d) What is the definition of a *local maximum* of a function?

a point $x=c$ such that for some $\delta > 0$ we have $f(c) \geq f(x)$ for all $x \in (c-\delta, c+\delta)$.

← (notice = is okay)

e) What is the definition of a *linear function*?

one that can be written in the form $f(x) = ax + b$, where a and b are real numbers

f) What is the definition of a *rational function*?

can be written in the form $f(x) = \frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$, where $p(x)$ and $q(x)$ are polynomials

← key parts

g) What is the definition of an *odd function*?

$f(-x) = -f(x)$, for all x in $\text{dom}(f)$

← a key part

h) Draw a picture of two of your favorite animals having a battle for three free points.



← mystery animals!

Survey for 2 bonus points: How do you think you did? What is a question or topic that could have been on this exam, but wasn't?

true/false
 proof of quadratic formula
 "Land of Gore" inequalities
 midpoint & distance formulas
 showing a fn is even/odd

transformations of graphs
 listing graphical properties
 triangle inequality
 proofs
 negating quantifiers & and/or
 unions and intersections

graph
 piecewise