

5. Suppose $x = c$ is a local maximum of a function f . Circle ALL of the following that must be true as $x \rightarrow c^+$ (for x sufficiently close to c).

4 A) $x - c > 0$

C) $\frac{f(x) - f(c)}{x - c} \leq 0$

B) $f(x) - f(c) < 0$
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D) $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} \frac{f(x) - f(c)}{x - c} \leq 0$

6. Suppose $f(x) = 9 - x^2$. What is the value of c that satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for this function on the interval $[0, 3]$?

4 A) $x = \frac{4}{3}$

B) $x = \frac{2}{3}$

C) $x = -\frac{2}{3}$

D) $x = \frac{3}{2}$

7. Given that r is an independent variable, s is a function of r , and q is a constant, calculate $\frac{d}{dr}(rs^2)$.

4 A) $s^2 + 2rs \frac{ds}{dr}$

B) $2s \frac{ds}{dr}$

C) $\frac{dr}{ds} s^2 + 2rs$

D) $s^2 + 2rs$

8. Suppose the radius r , height h , and volume V of a cylinder are functions of time t . How is $\frac{dV}{dt}$ related to $\frac{dr}{dt}$ if the height of the cylinder is constant?

4 A) $\frac{dV}{dt} = 2\pi r h + \pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$

C) $\frac{dV}{dt} = \pi \left(\frac{dr}{dt}\right)^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$

B) $\frac{dV}{dt} = 2\pi r h$

D) $\frac{dV}{dt} = 2\pi r h \frac{dr}{dt}$

9. Suppose $x = 2$ is a critical point of $f(x)$. Circle ALL of the following that would prove that $x = 2$ is a local maximum of $f(x)$.

4 A) Showing that $f'(2)$ is positive.

C) Showing that $f''(2)$ is positive.

B) Showing that $f'(2)$ is negative.

D) Showing that $f''(2)$ is negative.

10. Suppose Linda is 6 feet tall and walking away from a 10-foot streetlight. As she walks away from the streetlight, her shadow gets longer. What is the relationship between the rate of change of the length l of her shadow and the rate of change of her distance s from the streetlight?

4 A) $4 \frac{dl}{dt} = 6 \frac{ds}{dt}$

B) $10 \frac{dl}{dt} = 6 \frac{ds}{dt}$

C) $\frac{10}{6} = \frac{dl}{dt} + \frac{ds}{dt}$

D) $\frac{10}{6} = \frac{dl}{dt} \frac{ds}{dt}$